

Screening Form

Approval Status	In Progress	
Is this a	Policy	
Name of Policy/Strategy/Plan	Roundabout Sponsorship Polic	
Reference	277	
Category of Policy/Strategy/Plan	New	

Please provide a short title which describes the activity being undertaken by the Public Authority that is subject to Section 1(1) of the Rural Needs Act (NI) 2016.

The Roundabout Sponsorship Policy purpose is to provide clarity for partners/sponsors as to the requirements when undertaking to sponsor a roundabout within Ards and North Down.

Please provide a description of the Policy/Strategy/Plan

Council will endeavour to enhance the appearance of roundabouts by agreeing sponsorship within strict guidelines without compromising Highway safety. It is intended to compliment the DFi document 'RSPPG E004' which covers in detail health and safety whilst working on/near the Department's roundabouts and verges amongst other such matters.

Please provide details of the aims and/or objectives of the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service.

Although Ards and North Down Borough Council currently maintain many roundabouts within the Borough, it does not at present obtain any income, unlike many Councils in Northern Ireland. The quidance for the private funding and maintenance of roundabouts is set out in the DFi's guidance document RSPPG E004. For Ards and North Down Borough Council to start a sponsorship programme it would require a policy to clearly specify the roles of each partner and set out conditions for the review of agreements between partners.

Who initiated or wrote the Policy/Strategy/Plan?	Stephen Daye, Head of Parks & Cemeteries.
Who is responsible for the implementation of the Policy/Strategy/Plan?	Head of Parks & Cemeteries
Is this policy affected by timetables established by other relevant Public Authorities?	No

Are there any Section 75 catergories which might be expected to benefit from the intended policy?

N/A

Are there any factors which could contribute to/detract from the intended aim/outcome of the policy/decision?

No

Who are the internal/external stakeholders (actual or potential) that the policy will impact upon?

Staff Service Users

Other Public Sector organisations

Voluntary/Community/Trade Unions

The Council, Elected members, employees across the Council both existing and potential, ratepayers, residents of and visitors to the Borough and businesses within the Borough.

Is this policy associated with any other Council Policy (or Policies)?

Yes

If yes, please state the related Policy (or Policies)

Ards and North Down Borough Council documents:

- The new Corporate Plan (2020 2024)
- The Big Plan (Community Plan) (2017 2032)
- The new Local Biodiversity Action Plan (2021 2031)
- Local Development Plan Draft (2021 -2024)
- Roadmap to Sustainability

PLUS: DFi document 'RSPPG E004'

Does this policy affect Internal or **External users?**

Both

Evidence to help inform the Section 75 screening process may take many forms. Public authorities should ensure that their screening decision is informed by relevant data.

What evidence/information (both qualitative and quantitative) have you gathered to inform this policy?



Religious belief (Internal)

* Small numbers removed as indiviuals could be identifiable

	Catholic	Protestant & other Christian	Other religions	Total
Males F/T	33	388	34	425
Ividies F/ I	8%	84%	8%	100%
Males P/T	*	*	*	8
Ividies P/ I	25%	63%	13%	100%
Females F/T	58	223	6	287
remaies r/ i	20%	78%	2%	100%
Females P/T	12	20	5	35
remaies P/ I	32%	54%	14%	100%
Total	105	606	46	757
TOTAL	14%	80%	6%	100%

Religious belief (External)

The Northern Ireland Census 2011 (NISRA) statistics for the Borough area showed that 75% are or have been brought up in Protestant and Other Christian (including Christian related) religions. While this varied across the borough from 17% in Portaferry ward to 87% in Carrowdore ward this does not have any relation to this policy. These compared to 48% for Northern Ireland as a whole.

LGD	All usual residents	Catholic	Protestant & other Christian	Other religions	None
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	817,385	875,717	16,592	101,169
Northern heland	1,010,003		-48.36%	-0.92%	-5.59%
Ards and North	156,672	20,550	117,589	1,729	16,804
Down	130,072	13%	75%	1%	11%

Political opinion (External)

Electoral Office data from recent Local Government elections detail the political representation on Ards and North Down Council, The Stormont Executive for this electoral area and Westminster election. This data is an approximate measure of political opinion of the voting electorate within the Borough. Turnout to vote in North Down and Strangford constituencies tend to be lower than the rest of NI suggesting less strong political opinions. Of those who do turn out, the results show preferences for voting Unionist parties.

Political Party	Seats Held
Alliance	10
DUP	14
Green	3
Independants	3
SDLP	1
Sinn Féin	0
TUV	1
UUP	8

Racial group (Internal)

* Small numbers removed as indiviuals could be identifiable

Racial Group	Total	Percentage
White	682	78.66%
Black	*	*
Chinese	*	*
Other	*	*
Did not want to answer	*	*
Left Black	176	20.30%

Racial group (External)

NISRA, NINIS and Northern Ireland Strategic Migration Partnership data provide up to date data. The 2011 census showed that 32,000 (1.8%) of the usually resident population in Northern Ireland is from a minority ethnic background. Within the borough, the 2011 Census showed that 1.5% (2,300) were from a minority ethnic background. Across the borough this ranged from 5.2% in Loughview ward to 0.3% in Lisbane ward.

Total Usual Residents	156,672
White	154,365
Chinese	406
Irish Traveller	0
Indian	283

Pakistani	0
Banglasdeshi	177
Other Asian	415
Black Caribbean	0
Black African	139
Black Other	132
Mixed	556
Other	199

Age (Internal)

Age Profile	Female	Female %	Male	Male %
16 to 29	20	6%	26	65%
30 to 39	75	23%	83	19%
40 to 49	105	33%	121	27%
50 to 59	80	25%	176	39%
65+	42	13%	41	9%
Total	322	100%	447	100%

Age (External)

NISRA have published population projections for the Borough which show that the proportion of those aged 85 and over are expected to more than double within the next 25 years. ANDBC has the highest % population of older people in Northern Ireland.

Age Profile Northern Ireland	Ards and North Down
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0 to 15	385,200	29,801
16 to 39	583,116	43,239
40 to 64	591,481	54,094
65+	291,824	31,663
Total	1,851,621	158,797

Marital Status (Internal)

^{*} Small numbers removed as indiviuals could be identifiable

Marital Status	Total	Percentage
Single	180	20.76%
Married	405	46.71%
Divorced	35	4.04%
Co Habiting	14	1.61%
Separated	25	2.88%
Civil Partnership	*	*
Left Blank	207	23.88%

Marital Status (External)

The 2011 Northern Ireland Census showed that 48% of adults (those aged over 16 years of age) in Northern Ireland were either married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership. Within the borough, 54% of adults fell into this category. This varies across the borough from 36% in Central (Ards) ward to 64% in Lisbane ward. See

Marital Status	Northern Ireland	Ards and North Down
All usual residents: Aged 16+ years	1,431,540	126,945
Single (never married or never registered a same-sex civil	517,393	36,730
partnership): Aged 16+ years	36.14%	29%

Marriad: Agad 16 Lyapra	680,831	67,866
Married: Aged 16+ years	47.56%	53%
In a registered same-sex civil partnership: Aged 16+ years	1243	123
in a registered same-sex civil partnership. Aged 10+ years	0.09%	0.09%
Separated (but still legally married or still legally in a same-	56,911	4,328
sex civil partnership): Aged 16+ years	3.98%	3%
Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is	78,074	8,548
now legally dissolved:	5.45%	7%
Widowed or surviving partner from a same-sex civil	97,088	9,350
partnership: Aged 16+ years	6.78%	7%

Sexual Orientation

It should be noted that no reliable data is available on sexual orientation-NISRA are currently examining methodology on how to measure this. However, the 2011 census indicates that less than 1% of the Northern Ireland adult population (those aged 16 years and over) were in a registered same-sex civil partnership. This was similar to the borough as a whole. The Continuous Household Survey in Northern Ireland estimated this figure between 0.9% and 1.9% in 2015-2016. The Office for National Statistics estimates a similar range for the United Kingdom (1.7%).

Men and women generally (Internal)

Male	Female	Total
511	356	867
58.94%	41.06%	100%

Men and women generally (External)

According to census (NISRA) almost half of the population of Northern Ireland were male (49%) and this was similar throughout Ards and North Down Borough Council (48%).

LGD	Male	Female	Total
Northern Ireland	887,323	923,540	1,810,863
Ards and North Down	75,920	80,752	156,672

Disability (External)

The 2011 Census (NISRA) showed that 20% of the population in Ards and North Down area had a health issue or disability (including those related to old age) which has lasted or expected to last at least 12 months. (This was similar to the Northern Ireland figure of 21%.)



LGD	All usual residents	Long-term health problems or disability: Day-to-day activities limited a lot	Long-term health problems or disability: Day-to-day activities limited a little	Long-term health problems or disability: Day-to-day activities not limited
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	215,232	159,414	1,436,217
Ards and North Down	156,672	16,696	14,808	187,141

Dependants (External)

In considering this dimension the following have been included: persons with responsibility for the care of a child, children, a person with a disability and or an older person. According to the Continuous Household Survey, 2013-2016, 37% of Ards and North Down claimed to have a dependent (This did not differentiate on the type of dependent).

According to the 2011 Census, 7,474 households in Ards and North Down had a dependent child under the age of 4 (This might give an indication on the numbers who would have buggies or prams).

	All households	Dependent children in household: All ages	Dependent children in household: Aged 0-4 years
Northern Ireland	703,275	238,904	96,030
Ards and North Down	156,672	19,520	7,474

Taking into account the information referred to above, what are the different needs, experiences and priorities for each of the following categories, in relation to the particular policy / decision?

Please provide details of different needs, experiences and priorities for each of the categories

None, has no impact. All Section 75 categories and irrespective of any individual Section 75 dimensions they will experience the same needs and benefits.



What is the likely impact on equality None of opportunity for those affected by this policy, in relation to Religious belief? What is the likely impact on equality None of opportunity for those affected by this policy, in relation to Political opinion? What is the likely impact on equality None of opportunity for those affected by this policy, in relation to Racial group? What is the likely impact on equality None of opportunity for those affected by this policy, in relation to Age? What is the likely impact on equality None of opportunity for those affected by this policy, in relation to Marital status? What is the likely impact on equality None of opportunity for those affected by this policy, in relation to Sexual orientation?

What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, in relation to Men and

None

What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, in relation to Disability?

None

What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, in relation to Dependants?

None

Are there opportunites to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equalities categories? If Yes, provide details. If No, provide reasons.

Religious belief

women generally?

No, has no impact on religious belief.

Political opinion

No, has no impact on political opinion.

Racial group

No, has no impact on racial groups.

Age

No, has no impact on age.

Marital Status

No, has no impact on marital Status.

Sexual orientation

No, has no impact on sexual orientation.

Men and women generally

No, has no impact on men and women generally.

Disability

No, has no impact on disability

Dependants

No, has no impact on dependants

To what extent is the policy likely to impact on good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion and/or racial group?

None

Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion and/or racial group?



Please provide your reasons below

The strategy will not negatively or positively impact on religious beliefs, political opinion or racial group, The strategy will provide a shared facility for all users and potential users the strategy will not restrict any user or potential user.

Disability Discrimination Order (NI) 2006

Is there evidence to suggest that this policy would promote positive attitudes towards people with a disability?

No

Is there evidence to suggest that this policy would encourage the participation of people with a disability in public life?

No

Additional Considerations

Are there any potential impacts of the policy / decision (positive or negative) on people with multiple identities?

No

Monitoring Arrangements

Outline what data you could collect in the future to monitor the impact of this policy / decision on equality, good relations and disability duties

Surveys on the policy could be carried out, council forums could be asked about impacts. When considering the aims of the strategy the first consideration will be the impact on the community. Effective monitoring will help the Council identify any future adverse impacts arising from the policy as well as help with future planning and policy development, therefore Council will monitor comments and complaints received before, during and after this strategy is implemented.

On the basis of the answers to the screening questions, I recommend that this policy/decision is

Screened Out - No negative impacts

Monitoring Recommendations

No impacts identified Council will monitor comments and complaints received before, during and after this strategy is implemented

What definition of 'rural' is the Plan using in respect of Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service?

A definition of 'rural' is not applicable

Reasons why a definition of 'rural' is not applicable.

this plan has no impact on rural communities.

Understanding the impact of the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service

Is the Policy, Strategy or Plan likely to impact on people in rural areas?

No

Please explain why the Policy, Strategy, Plan is NOT likely to impact on people in rural areas roundabouts are in larger settlements

Identifying the Social and Economic Needs of Persons in Rural Areas

Has the Public Authority taken steps to identify the social and economic needs of people in rural areas that are relevant to the Policy, Strategy or Plan?

Yes

Please indicate which of the following methods or information sources were used by the Public Authority to identify the social and economic needs of people in rural areas

Consultation with Rural Stakeholders

Considering the Social and Economic Needs of Persons in Rural Areas

Please provide details of the issues considered in relation to the Social and economic needs of

people in rural areas.

Roundabouts are in larger settlements, but the income generated and saving to rates will have a positive impact on rural communities.

Influencing the Policy, Strategy or Plan

Has the development, adoption, implementation or revising of the Policy, Strategy or Plan been influenced by the rural needs identified?

No

Please explain why the development, adoption, implementation or revising of the Policy, Strategy or Plan, or the design or the delivery of the Public Service, has NOT been influenced by the rural needs identified

Roundabouts are in larger settlements, but the income generated and saving to rates will have a positive impact on rural communities.

Documenting and Recording

Please tick below to confirm that the RNIA Template will be retained by the **Public Authority and relevant** information on the Section 1 activity compiled in accordance with paragraph 6.7 of the guidance.

I confirm that the RNIA Template will be retained and relevant information complied.

Depending on your answer your answer may be a 'positive' impact or a 'negative' impact. Specific guidance at each question.

There may be 'no impact'.

If you are not sure complete as 'don't know'

Q1. What impact will the proposal have on the local community including the ability of people to meet their essential needs?

	What is the impact of the activity?
Transport - Is the activity accessible to everyone via public transport or active travel, in a safe and sustainable way? Note: If the answer is yes, select positive.	Positive
Public Placemaking, Community & Culture - Is the activity impacting on people's sense of place and community by being included and connected to the area? Is the activity impacting on our cultural offering, helping citizens, visitors and young people become acquainted with art and culture?	Positive
Note: If the answer is yes, select positive.	

Comments

	Comments
Transport	Roundabouts are in larger settlements and on busy roads but will be more attractive to all users.
Public Placemaking, Community & Culture	Roundabouts will be more attractive and the income generated and saving to rates will have a positive impact on communities.

Q2. What impact will the proposals have on local, sustainable food supply chains?

	What is the impact of the activity?
Food - If this activity involves either the direct or indirect purchase of food or catering services will there be a negative impact on a sustainable food system?	
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative.	
Additional information:	
Food systems currently account for 21-37% of total global greenhouse gases and are a primary cause of environmental degradation and significantly contribute to socioeconomic and health inequalities. This can be mitigated by specifying sustainable food and catering services, fresh seasonal food of a high nutritional value produced through low environmental impact farming methods and high standards of animal welfare.	No Impact

Comments

	Comments
Food	no impact

Q3. What impact will the proposals have on diversity and equality of opportunity?

	What is the impact of the activity?
Equal opportunity - Does the activity have a positive or negative impact on inclusivity and discrimination?	No Impact

	Comments
Equal opportunity	no impact

Q4. What impact will the proposals have on prosperity, social value and fair trade?

	What is the impact of the activity?
Decent jobs and income - Are local employment opportunities being created removed 'or removed'? Will there be any volunteering opportunities? Note: If the answer is yes, select positive.	Positive
Will the financial benefits help raise local income levels and tackle poverty and derivations of poverty such as food and fuel poverty?	Positive
Note: If the answer is yes, select positive.	
Social Value - Will the activity lead to the creation of works or services? Are there opportunities to support apprenticeships or training opportunities to combat social exclusion? Are there any opportunities to work with organisations with an environmental or social mission (e.g., from the VCSE sector)?	Positive
Note: If the answer is yes, select positive.	
Human and labour rights - Will there be provisions to ensure workers up the supply chain have their human and labour rights respected?	
Note: If the answer is yes, select positive.	
Additional information:	No Impact
Products at high risk of the use of child labour and contravention of human and labour rights include electronic equipment, textiles, agricultural commodities and construction materials.	

	Comments
Decent jobs and income	Roundabouts will require skilled staff to improve and maintain them.
Financial benefits	Roundabouts will be more attractive and the income generated and saving to rates will have a positive impact on communities.
Social value	Roundabouts will be more attractive and create positive impacts on citizens.
Human and labour rights	No Impact

Q5. What impact will the proposals have on greenhouse gas emissions, including energy and transport?

	What is the impact of the activity?
Greenhouse Gas Emmissions - Will this activity have a positive or negative impact on greenhouse gases (most commonly caused by fossil fuel burning or deforestation)?	
Additional information:	
Greenhouse gases include CO2, CH4, N20, HFCs, PFCs or SF6. The most common sources include consumption of brown (non-renewable) electricity, burning of coal, oil, petrol, diesel, natural gas, emissions from landfill sites, and the destruction of natural carbon sinks such as peat bogs, woodlands, forests, grasslands, freshwater lakes, and wetlands.	No Impact
Energy - Will the activity reduce energy demand through energy efficiency and low-carbon technologies?	
Note: If the answer is yes, select positive.	
Additional information:	No Impact
Will energy come from renewable energy sources e.g., solar, wind etc.? Will buildings be designed and constructed to high energy and environmental standards?	
Transport - Will the activity be accessible to everyone via active travel (Bike/walking) or public transport? Does the proposal help to reduce non-essential travel and individual car use?	No Impact
Note: If the answer is yes, select positive.	
Embodied carbon - Will the activity use materials from 'heavy industries' such as cement, concrete, iron and steel, or require international transportation of materials using aviation or shipping?	No Impact
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative.	

	Comments
Greenhouse Gas Emmissions	No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.
Energy	No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.

	Comments
Transport	No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.
Embodied carbon	No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.

Q6. What impact will the proposals have on waste generation or how waste is managed?

	What is the impact of the activity?
Waste generation - Will this activity lead to the production of waste?	
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative.	
Additional information:	No Impact
Have you considered how to reduce waste through demand management and re-use strategies which support the circular economy?	
Waste Management - Is waste going to be managed in a responsible, sustainable way?	
Note: If the answer is yes, select positive.	
Additional information:	No Impact
Will waste be monitored? What recycling provisions are there? Will any waste be sent to landfill?	

Q7 What impact will the proposals have on the direct consumption of natural resources, including materials, minerals and fresh water?

	What is the impact of the activity?
Materials - Will this activity lead to the consumption of raw materials? (Raw materials include steel, oil, corn, grain, gasoline, wood / forest resources, plastic, natural gas, and coal).	
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative.	No Impact
Additional information:	
Can materials be swapped or reduced, to minimize pressure on natural resources and reduce environmental impact?	

	What is the impact of the activity?
Will lifecycle costing exercises be used in procurement (e.g., if purchasing vehicles, energy-intensive equipment or major capital projects) in order to minimise the consumption of natural resources and achieve value for money Note: If the answer is yes, select positive	No Impact
Fresh water - Will this activity increase pressure on freshwater resources through direct water consumption?	No Impact
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative	
Will the activity impact on the public's ability to access a clean and safe water supply?	
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative	
Additional information:	No Impact
Unsustainable water consumption includes use of mains water or other freshwater supplied without water efficiency or recycling measures.	

	Comments
Materials	No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.
Lifecycle costing exercises	No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.
Fresh water	No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.
Accessing clean and safe water	No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.

Q8. What impact will the proposals have on local resilience to the adverse effects of climate change and severe weather events, including drought, landslips, flooding and sites designated as being at risk of flooding or sea level rise?

	What is the impact of the activity?
Adverse Weather and Climate Impacts - Will buildings, infrastructure, or natural assets be at risk to the adverse effects of climate change and extreme weather?	
Note: If the answer is yes select negative	
Additional Information:	
For Northern Ireland, climate change is causing hotter, drier summers and warmer, wetter winters with more extreme weather and rising sea levels.	
A precautionary approach is advised for all planning and construction decisions, taking into account the latest UK Climate Change Projections and making sure that development is not permitted on flood plains and / or land at risk of flooding under future climate scenarios.	No Impact
Avoid activities that may be vulnerable to overheating or flood risk. New assets (e.g. landscaping, buildings etc.) should be future proofed, ensuring all investments are resilient to current and future climate conditions.	

	Comments
Adverse Weather and Climate Impacts	No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.

Q9. What impact will the proposals have on the local environment (e.g., air/water/soil pollution, land conversion, visual impacts, traffic, noise, vibration, odour, dust, particulates, smoke), heritage (including designated heritage, archaeology sites or listed buildings) and wildlife (including protected sites and species)?

	What is the impact of the activity?
Air pollution - Will the activity produce air pollutants?	
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative	
Additional Information:	
Air pollutants include: Particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5); Ozone (O3) Nitrogen dioxide (NO2); Carbon Monoxide (CO); Sulphur Dioxide (SO2).	Positive
The most common causes of air pollution are:-	1 OSITIVE
 Fuel combustion from motor vehicles (e.g. cars and heavy-duty vehicles) Heat and power generation (e.g. oil and coal power plants and boilers) Industrial facilities (e.g. manufacturing factories, mines, and oil refineries) Municipal and agricultural waste sites and waste incineration/burning. 	
Ozone layer depletion - Will this activity produce ozone depleting substances (fluorinated gases)?	
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative	
Additional Information:	
Fluorinated greenhouse gases (F gases) include: • hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs) • perfluorocarbons (PFCs) • sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)	No Impact
For example through the use of refrigeration and air conditioning units.	

	What is the impact of the activity?
Water/soil pollution - Will this activity involve any construction work, street works or road deliveries of construction materials or other goods?	
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative	
Additional Information:	
Soil and water pollution is caused from damaging rainwater run-off arising from road surface treatments, tyre abrasion, fuels and lubricants.	No Impact
Procurement and contractual mechanisms can be used to ensure that building and civil engineering contractors adhere take steps to ensure pollution is prevented from occurring or from dispersing to other areas. Contractors can minimise the use of all substances that could cause pollution and failing that, implement and communicate procedures to ensure the correct disposal (or release) of substances that could cause pollution.	
Chemical pollution - Will there be any use of toxic chemicals including pesticides, paint or cleaning products?	No Impact
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative	
Will there be any excess fertiliser use that could result in nitrogen or phosphorus runoff?	No Impact
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative	
Noise pollution - Is the activity likely to create a noise nuisance?	
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative	
Additional information:	
Noise pollution can have detrimental effects on human health, amenity, productivity and the natural environment.	Positive
Eliminating or reducing excessive noise is a legal responsibility and helps to limit the disturbance of residents and businesses, caused by activities and operations.	

	What is the impact of the activity?	
Land conversion - Will this activity result in the reduction in the area of forested land, directly or indirectly?		
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative	No Impact	
Additional information:	Tto impact	
Deforestation usually arises from the clearing of land for development, agriculture, or logging for paper, wood, or minerals.		
Built Heritage - Will this activity impact on designated heritage sites such as a World Heritage Site, Scheduled Monument, Archaeology Site, Listed Building, Protected Wreck Site or Registered Park and Garden?	No Impact	
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative		
Natural Heritage and Biodiversity - Will this activity result in any displacement or loss of biodiversity, overfishing or affect protected or designated sites (e.g. ASSIs, SPAs etc).		
Note: If the answer is yes, select negative		
Changes in land use exert the most significant effect on biodiversity. These changes include the conversion of natural ecosystems into agriculture or into urban areas; changes in frequency, duration or magnitude of wildfires and similar disturbances; and the introduction of new species into land and freshwater environments.	Positive	

	Comments
Air pollution	Plants can have a positive impact on air pollution. No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.
Ozone layer depletion	
Water/soil pollution	
Chemical pollution	
Excess fertiliser use	
Noise pollution	Plants can have a positive impact on noise pollution. No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.
Land conversion	
Built Heritage	

	Comments
Natural Heritage and Biodiversity	Plants can have a positive impact on biodiversity. No additional impact to what already exists, but could encourage designers to create designs that have less impacts.

Q10 What impact will the proposals have on ensuring peace, justice, public participation and partnership working for sustainable development?

What is the impact of the activity?
No Impact
No Impact
No Impact
Positive

Comments

	Comments		
Peace			
Justice			
Political voice			
Partnerships	Working with Dfl and local businesses to improve the environment.		

On the basis of the answers to the screening questions, I recommend that this policy / decision is

Screened Out - No negative impacts

Is the introduction or change of this policy or processing activity likely to result in a high risk to individuals' interests, including physical, material or non-material damage?

No

Explain broadly what the policy/strategy/plan aims to achieve and what type of processing it involves.

The purpose of this policy is to provide clarity for partners/sponsors as to the requirements when undertaking to sponsor a roundabout within Ards and North Down.

Describe the nature of the processing

Will use strict council policies to hold data.

Describe the context of the processing

none identified

Describe the purposes of the processing.

will hold details of sponsors, with permissions in place.

Consultation

Council has protocols in place.

Necessity and Proportionality

Council has protocols in place.

Identify and assess risk

	Describe the source of risk and nature of potential impact on individuals. Include associated compliance and corporate risks as necessary.	Likelihood of harm	Severity of harm	Overall risk
Details	No potential impact on individuals	Remote	Minimal	Low

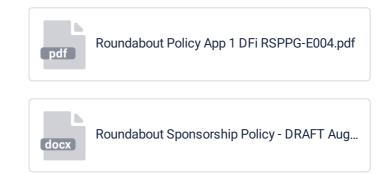
Identify measures to reduce risk

	Risk	Options to reduce to eliminate risk	Effect on risk	Residual risk	Measure approved
Details	Data Held	Council has protocols in place.	Reduced	Low	Yes

Data Protection Officer Comments



Please upload any supporting documents for review



Email:

stephen.daye@ards and north down.gov.uk

Screening Panel Comments

Approval Activity History

Approvers	Approver Actions	Date
sian.mcconnell- porter@ardsandnorthdo wn.gov.uk	Approve	Thursday, August 18, 2022
emma.adair@ardsandno rthdown.gov.uk	Waiting for emma.adair@ardsandnorthdo wn.gov.uk's action.	Tuesday, August 16, 2022
Alison Curtis Alison.Curtis@ardsandn orthdown.gov.uk	Waiting for Alison Curtis's action.	Tuesday, August 16, 2022